

An Improved SELinux Policy Infrastructure



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Outline



- Goals
- Current Architecture
- New Policy Build and Management Architecture
- Common Intermediate Language (CIL)
- Plan



Goals



Short-term

- Enhanced higher-level language support
- More scalable and usable policy infrastructure
- Better support for customizing the policy

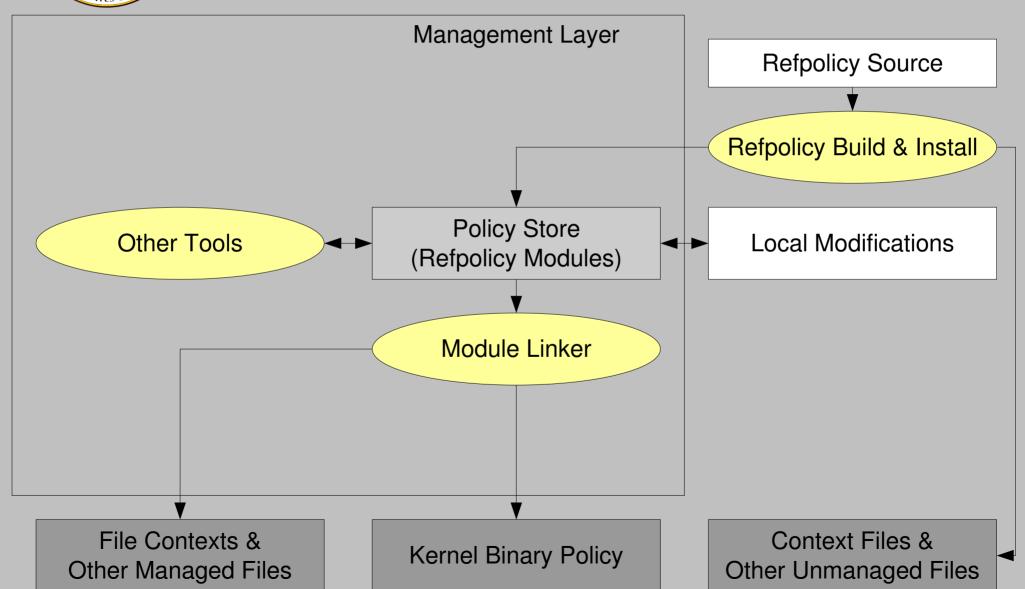
Long-term

- Higher-level policy languages
- Less complex policies



Current Architecture









Policy Build and Management Architecture



Problems with the Management Layer



- Removing permissions requires the modification of policy modules
- Custom policy distribution is hard
- Not clear where to store local module sources
- Binary module format is a hindrance to extensibility
- Mixture of managed and unmanaged policy in the policy store
- Build process is brittle
- Multiple policy file formats exist
- No common abstraction that can contain any policy statement



Requirements of the Management Layer



- Must have the ability to add and remove policy rules
- Must be able to import/export customizations
- Must keep the distribution policy and local customizations separate
- Should store local customizations in the policy store
- Should use a source policy format



Requirements of the Management Layer (cont)

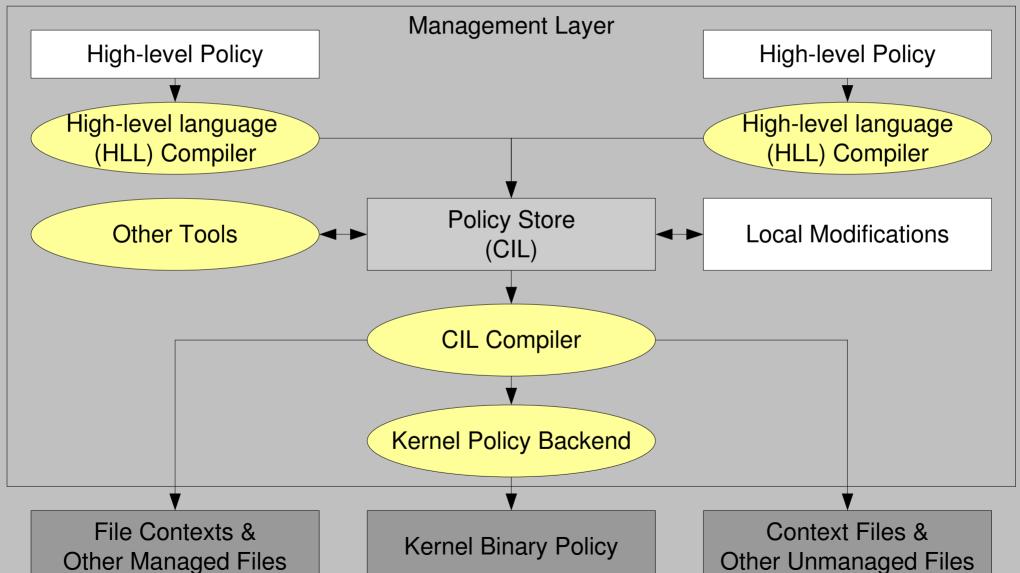


- Should not mix managed and unmanaged policy files
- Should keep the policy build as simple, flexible, and resource friendly as possible
- May eliminate some policy file formats



Proposed Architecture







Changes to the Management Layer



- Will be able to retrieve the source for a module semanage module --get <module>
- Every command will create a log entry
 - New global option --message
 - Format:

```
COM="<command+options>" /
ID=<login id> CONTEXT=<context> /
TIME=<time stamp> MSG="<message>"
```

- Priority Levels
 - Management -> Local -> Distribution (Higher to Lower)



Changes to the Management Layer



- Source Control Management
 - basic
 - Does not support reverting back more than one version.
 - git



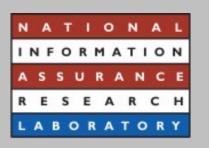
Policy Build and Load Sequence



- Build CIL tree by traversing the policy store from highest to lowest priority
- Execute CIL transforms on the tree
- Remove disabled modules from the tree
- Convert CIL tree to policydb and managed files
- Serialize the policy to disk in a temporary location



Policy Build and Load Sequence (cont)



- Sanity check the policy files
- Copy the policy files to the destination in the policy store
- Load policy





Common Intermediate Language (CIL)



Problems with the Modular Policy Language



- Lack of abstraction
 - Not a good target for high-level languages
 - Modules are inflexible
 - Not easy to create new types based on an old type
- Gaps in features
- Confusing semantics
- Inconsistencies in the syntax
- Inadequate debugging support
- Ordering dependencies for portcon, category, sid, and class



Requirements of the Language



- Support the use of high-level languages
- Provide a comprehensive and unambiguous representation of the policy
- Support programmatic introspection and manipulation of the policy
- Provide detailed debugging information
- Be order independent
- Support policy modification without changing the original sources
- Support policy access control



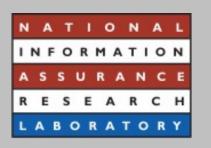
New Features



- Transformation Language
- Selection
- Generic blocks
- Generic ifs
- Defined sets



Transformation Language



- Provides the ability to do policy manipulation at a semantic level.
- Three basic operations

```
- add <target>
- del <target>
- copy <source> => <target>
        except <items from source>
```

• Example add BLOCK foo { TYPE bar



Selection



- Syntax
 - / Absolute path
 - ./ Relative path
 - .. Parent
 - * Match zero or more of anything
 - 0-9 Ranged matching on number
 - <path>/ Child of <path> Only valid in a target
- Example
 - To select all allow rules with a target of bar:/*/(ALLOW:TYPE * (TYPE bar) *)



Other Features



- Generic Block
 - Replaces interfaces and templates
 - Used for selection
- Generic if
 - Replaces tunables, booleans, optionals, and ifdefs
- Defined Sets
 - Ability to define sets now built in



Plan



- Send the new architecture and CIL to the SELinux mailing list for discussion
- Modify libraries to support the new architecture
- Modify SELinux tools to support the new architecture
- Develop the CIL compiler
- Modify Reference policy build to target CIL